## PHYSIKALISCHES KOLLOQUIUM

Mittwoch, 20.06.2012, um 17:15 Uhr Ort: Reichenhainer Str. 90; Neues Hörsaalgebäude, Raum: 2/N013



## Prof. Dr. Christoph Strunk

University of Regensburg, Germany

## Band Structure and Spinphenomena in Carbon Nanotubes

Carbon nanotubes are highly tunable, quasi-one-dimensional solids with an extraordinary rich spectrum of possibilities both for applications and for fundamental experiments. The magneto-conductance of an open carbon nanotube (CNT)-quantum wire was measured in very high magnetic fields up to 60 T orientated parallel to the tubes. At low temperatures we find a peculiar split magneto-conductance peak close to the charge neutrality point. Our analysis of the data reveals that this splitting is intimately connected to the spin-orbit interaction and the tube chirality. Band structure calculations suggest that the current in the peak regions is highly spin-polarized, which calls for application in future CNT-based spintronic devices [1].

The magnetoconductance of a thick semiconducting carbon nanotube revealed a band-gap closure and the reopening of the gap under variation of an axial magnetic field [2]. This observation verifies a long-standing theoretical prediction that the band gap closure occurs near a magnetic flux enclosed by the tube of h/3e and 2h/3e. We find also noticeable influence of mechanical strain on the magnetoconductance of the CNTs.

In a second set of experiments we investigate the Kondo-Effect in CNT quantum dots with ferromagnetic PdNi contacts [3]. We observe a zero-field splitting of the Kondo resonance, with can be compensated by an external magnetic field  $B_c$ . The splitting can be viewed as an exchange interaction between an un-paired spin on the quantum dot, and the magnetically polarized electron system in the leads. The data are well explained by a simple model, and show a remarkable universality in the vicinity of the compensation field  $B_c$ .

[1] S. H. Jhang, et al., Phys. Rev. B 82, 041404 (2010)

[2] S. H. Jhang, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 096802 (2011)

[3] M. Gaass, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 176808 (2011)

Alle Zuhörer sind ab 17.00 zum Kaffee vor dem Hörsaal eingeladen.