Computational Science 1

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Seminar Exercises

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Exercise 4 (14.11.2017):

The fixed points of the logistic map from An Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods,

Chapter 6, Problem 6.4

- a) Use GraphicalSolutionApp (see sample codes of Chapter 6) to show graphically that there is a single stable fixed point of f(x) for r < 3/4. It would be instructive to modify the program so that the value of the slope $(df/dx)|_{x=x_n}$ is shown as you step each iteration. At what value of r does the absolute value of this slope exceed unity? Let b_1 denote the value of r at which the fixed point of f(x) bifurcates and becomes unstable. Verify that $b_1 = 0.75$.
- b) Describe the trajectory of f(x) for r = 0.785. Is the fixed point given by $x^* = 1 1/4r$ stable or unstable? What is the nature of the trajectory if $x_0 = 1 1/4r$? What is the period of f(x) for all other choices of x_0 ? What are the values of the two-point attractor?
- c) The function f(x) is symmetrical about x = 1/2 where f(x) is a maximum. What are the qualitative features of the second iterate $f^{(2)}(x)$ for r = 0.785? Is $f^{(2)}(x)$ symmetrical about x = 1/2? For what value of x does $f^{(2)}(x)$ have a minimum? Iterate $x_{n+1} = f^{(2)}(x_n)$ for r = 0.785 and find its two fixed points x_1^* and x_2^* . (Try $x_0 = 0.1$ and $x_0 = 0.3$.) Are the fixed points of $f^{(2)}(x)$ stable or unstable for this value of r? How do these values of x_1^* and x_2^* compare with the values of the two-point attractor of f(x)? Verify that the slopes of $f^{(2)}(x)$ at x_1^* and x_2^* are equal.
- d) Verify the following properties of the fixed points of $f^{(2)}(x)$. As r is increased, the fixed points of $f^{(2)}(x)$ move apart and the slope of $f^{(2)}(x)$ at its fixed points decreases. What is the value of $r = s_2$ at which one of the two fixed points of $f^{(2)}$ equals 1/2? What is the value of the other fixed point? What is the slope of $f^{(2)}(x)$ at x = 1/2? What is the slope at the other fixed point? As r is further increased, the slopes at the fixed points become negative. Finally at $r = b_2 \approx 0.8623$, the slopes at the two fixed points of $f^{(2)}(x)$ equal -1, and the two fixed points of $f^{(2)}(x)$ become unstable. (The exact value of b_2 is $b_2 = (1 + \sqrt{6})/4$.)
- e) Show that for r slightly greater than b_2 , for example, r = 0.87, there are four stable fixed points of $f^{(4)}(x)$. What is the value of $r = s_3$ when one of the fixed points equals 1/2? What are the values of the three other fixed points at $r = s_3$?
- f) Determine the value of $r = b_3$ at which the four fixed points of $f^{(4)}$ become unstable.
- g) Choose $r = s_3$ and determine the number of iterations that are necessary for the trajectory to converge to period 4 behavior. How does this number of iterations change when neighboring values of r are considered? Choose several values of x_0 so that your results do not depend on the initial conditions.