

Properties of sparse shape functions for p-FEM on triangles and tetrahedra

Sven Beuchler¹

In this talk, the second order boundary value problem $-\nabla \cdot (\mathcal{A}(x, y)\nabla u) = f$ is discretized by the Finite Element Method using piecewise polynomial functions of degree p on a triangular/tetrahedral mesh.

On the reference element, we define several interior ansatz functions based on integrated Jacobi polynomials. If \mathcal{A} is a constant function on each element and each triangle has straight edges, the element stiffness matrix has not more than $\mathcal{O}(p^d)$, $d = 2, 3$ nonzero matrix entries.

We investigate the growth of the condition number of the element stiffness matrix with respect to the weight of the integrated Jacobi polynomials.

This is a joint work with V. Pillwein (SFB F013, Linz) and J. Schöberl.

¹JKU Linz, Institute of Comp. Mathematics, 4040 Linz, Austria,
sven.beuchler@jku.at