Parallel Fast Computation of Coulomb Interactions Based on Nonequispaced Fourier Methods

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### Past Fourier Transforms





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Coulomb Interaction in Particle Systems -  $\mathcal{O}(M^2)$ 

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### Applications

- molecular dynamics
- astrophysics
- statistical physics
- plasma physics

- material sciences
- physical chemistry
- biophysics

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Ewald Sum 1921 $\mathcal{O}(M^{3/2})$	Multigrid 1977	Tree Codes 1986	FMM 1987	$P^{3}M$ 1988	Fast Sum $2004$
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$$\phi(\boldsymbol{x}_j) = \sum_{l=1}^{M'} \frac{q_l}{\|\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l\|_2}, \qquad j = 1, \dots, M$$
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#### Fast Algorithms Based on Discrete Fourier Transforms

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Task of 3d-DFT (Discrete Fourier Transform) For  $\hat{f}_{k} \in \mathbb{C}$  compute

$$f_{l} = \sum_{k \in I_{N}} \hat{f}_{k} e^{-2\pi i \left(k_{0} \frac{l_{0}}{N} + k_{1} \frac{l_{1}}{N} + k_{2} \frac{l_{2}}{N}\right)}$$

for all 
$$l \in I_N := \{0, \dots, N-1\}^3 \ (\Rightarrow \frac{l_0}{N}, \frac{l_1}{N}, \frac{l_2}{N} \in [0, 1)).$$

#### Task of 3d-NDFT (Nonequispaced DFT)

For  $\hat{f}_{k} \in \mathbb{C}$  compute

$$f_j = \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_{\boldsymbol{N}}} \hat{f}_{\boldsymbol{k}} e^{-2\pi i (k_0 \boldsymbol{x}_j + k_1 \boldsymbol{y}_j + k_2 \boldsymbol{z}_j)}$$

for  $x_j, y_j, z_j \in [0, 1), j = 1, \dots, M$ .

### Nonequispaced Fast Fourier Transforms

#### Matrix-Vector-Notation of NDFT and adjont NDFT

For 
$$\boldsymbol{\hat{f}} \in \mathbb{C}^{N^3}$$
 and  $\boldsymbol{h} \in \mathbb{C}^M$  compute

$$egin{aligned} egin{aligned} egin{aligned} egin{aligned} eta & & & \ eta & & \ e$$

where 
$$\boldsymbol{A} = \left(\mathrm{e}^{-2\pi\mathrm{i}(k_0x_j+k_1y_j+k_2z_j)}
ight)_{j,(k_0,k_1,k_2)} \in \mathbb{C}^{M imes N^3}$$

### NFFT [Dutt, Rohklin 93, Beylkin 95, Steidl 96, ...]

$$oldsymbol{A} pprox oldsymbol{CFD}, \qquad oldsymbol{A}^{ee} pprox oldsymbol{DF}^{ee} oldsymbol{C}^{ee}$$

• 
$$oldsymbol{D} \in \mathbb{R}^{N^3 imes N^3}$$
 diagonal matrix

• 
$$m{F} \in \mathbb{C}^{n^3 imes N^3}$$
 truncated Fourier matrix  $(n \ge N)$ 

•  $oldsymbol{C} \in \mathbb{R}^{M imes n^3}$  sparse matrix

 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}(N^3 \log N + \log^3(\frac{1}{\epsilon})M) \text{ instead of } \mathcal{O}(N^3M)$ 

#### FFTW

[Frigo, Johnson 2005]











#### **PFFT Features**

- open source
- high scalability
- portability
- c2c, r2c FFT

- FFTW like interface
- completely in place FFT
- *d*-dimensional parallel FFT
- ghost cell support

# Scaling Parallel FFT of Size $512^3$ on BlueGene/P







$$\boldsymbol{A} = \boldsymbol{C} \boldsymbol{F} \boldsymbol{D}, \quad \boldsymbol{A}^{\mathsf{H}} = \boldsymbol{D} \boldsymbol{F}^{\mathsf{H}} \boldsymbol{C}^{\mathsf{T}}$$



$$oldsymbol{A} = oldsymbol{C} \, oldsymbol{F} \, oldsymbol{D}, \quad oldsymbol{A}^{ee} = oldsymbol{D} \, oldsymbol{F}^{ee} \, oldsymbol{C}^{ op}$$



# Scaling PNFFT of Size $128^3$ on BlueGene/P











### **Coulomb Interaction in Open Particle Systems**

**Calculation of the Potential** 

$$\phi(\pmb{x}_j) = \sum_{l=1}^{M'} rac{q_l}{\|\pmb{x}_j - \pmb{x}_l\|_2}, \quad j = 1, \dots, M$$



$$\frac{1}{r} = \left(\frac{1}{r} - R(r)\right) + R(r) \quad \Rightarrow \quad R(\|\boldsymbol{x}\|_2) \approx \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_N} \hat{R}_{\boldsymbol{k}} e^{-2\pi i \boldsymbol{k} \boldsymbol{x}}$$



# Fast Summation [Nieslony, Potts, Steidl 2004]

Nearfield Approximation - 
$$\mathcal{O}(\nu M)$$
  

$$\phi^{\text{near}}(\boldsymbol{x}_j) = -q_j R(0) + \sum_{l \in I_j}' q_l \left( \frac{1}{\|\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l\|_2} - R(\|\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l\|_2) \right)$$

$$I_{j} = \left\{ l = 1, \dots, M : \left\| oldsymbol{x}_{j} - oldsymbol{x}_{l} 
ight\|_{2} < arepsilon_{I} 
ight\}, \quad 
u := \max_{j} |I_{j}|$$

Farfield Approximation -  $\mathcal{O}(MN^3) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(\log^3(\frac{1}{\epsilon})M + N^3 \log N)$ 

$$\begin{split} \phi^{\text{far}}(\boldsymbol{x}_j) &= \sum_{l=1}^M q_l R(\|\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l\|_2) \approx \sum_{l=1}^M q_l \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_N} \hat{R}_{\boldsymbol{k}} \mathrm{e}^{-2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k}(\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l)} \\ &= \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_N} \hat{R}_{\boldsymbol{k}} \left( \sum_{l=1}^M q_l \mathrm{e}^{+2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k} \boldsymbol{x}_l} \right) \mathrm{e}^{-2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k} \boldsymbol{x}_j} \end{split}$$

Matrix decomposition:  $C^{\text{near}} + A \operatorname{diag}(\hat{R}_k) A^{H}$ 

- **2** Fast Fourier Transforms
- **3** Fast Summation



### **Coulomb Interaction in Periodic Particle Systems**

#### **Calculation of the Potential**

$$\widetilde{\phi}(oldsymbol{x}_j) = \sum_{oldsymbol{r}\in\mathbb{Z}^3} \sum_{l=1}^{M}' rac{q_l}{\|oldsymbol{x}_j-oldsymbol{x}_l+oldsymbol{r}\|_2}\,,\quad j=1,\ldots,M$$



# Fast Ewald Summation [Hedman, Laaksonen 2006]

Nearfield Approximation - 
$$\mathcal{O}(\nu M)$$
  
 $\widetilde{\phi}^{\text{near}}(\boldsymbol{x}_j) \approx -q_j \frac{2\alpha}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \sum_{\boldsymbol{r} \in \mathbb{Z}^3} \sum_{l \in I_j(\boldsymbol{r})}' q_l \frac{1 - \text{erf}(\alpha \| \boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l + \boldsymbol{r} \|_2)}{\| \boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l + \boldsymbol{r} \|_2}$   
 $I_j(\boldsymbol{r}) := \{l = 1, \dots, M : \| \boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l + \boldsymbol{r} \|_2 < \varepsilon_I \}, \quad \nu := \max_{j, \boldsymbol{r}} |I_j(\boldsymbol{r})|$ 

Farfield Approximation - 
$$\mathcal{O}(\log^3(\frac{1}{\varepsilon})M + N^3 \log N)$$
  
 $\widetilde{\phi}^{\text{far}}(\boldsymbol{x}_j) \approx \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_N \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\}} \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\pi^2 \|\boldsymbol{k}\|_2^2 / \alpha^2}}{\|\boldsymbol{k}\|_2^2} \sum_{l=1}^M q_l \mathrm{e}^{-2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k}(\boldsymbol{x}_j - \boldsymbol{x}_l)}$   
 $= \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{\boldsymbol{k} \in I_N \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\}} \hat{R}_{\boldsymbol{k}} \left(\sum_{l=1}^M q_l \mathrm{e}^{+2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k} \boldsymbol{x}_l}\right) \mathrm{e}^{-2\pi \mathrm{i} \boldsymbol{k} \boldsymbol{x}_j}$ 

Matrix decomposition:  $C^{\text{near}} + A \operatorname{diag}(\hat{R}_k) A^{H}$ 

### Scaling Parallel Fast Ewald on BlueGene/P





### Parallel FFT











### $C F D \operatorname{diag}(\hat{R}_k) D F^{\vdash} C^{\top} + C^{\operatorname{near}}$



$$C F D \operatorname{diag}(\hat{R}_k) DF^{\mathsf{H}} C^{\mathsf{T}} + C^{\operatorname{near}}$$

PFFT & PNFFT Software Library and Papers Available at http://www.tu-chemnitz.de/~mpip