

**Examination regulations for the consecutive study programme
Print and Media Technology with the degree Master of Science (M.Sc.)
at Chemnitz University of Technology
as of August 18th, 2010**

Pursuant to § 13 paragraph 4 in conjunction with § 34 paragraph 1 of the Law on Institutions of Higher Education in the Free State of Saxony (Sächsisches Hochschulgesetz - SächsHG) of December 10th, 2008 (SächsGVBl. [Saxon law gazette] p. 900), last amended by article 10 of the Law of June 26th, 2009 (SächsGVBl. [Saxon law gazette] pp. 375, 377), the faculty committee of the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering in consultation with the Senate of Chemnitz University of Technology enacts the following examination regulations:

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The male person and role terminology used in these regulations applies to both male and female persons. Women may transfer titles and functional designations to the grammatically feminine form. The same applies to the awarding of university degrees, academic designations and titles.

Part 1

General provisions

§ 1

Standard study period

The standard period of study for this study programme is four semesters (two years). This includes all modules, module examinations as well as the module Master's Thesis.

§ 2

Structure of examinations

The Master's examination consists of different module examinations. Module examinations usually consist of one exam and they are accompanying the course of studies.

§ 3

Terms

- (1) The Master's examination should be completed within the standard period of study.
- (2) The course offerings are organised in such a way that it is ensured that examination prerequisites and module examinations can be taken within the scheduled time frame set by the study regulations (examinations are usually taken after the lecture period).

§ 4

Admission procedure, announcement of examination dates and results

- (1) The Master's examination can only be taken by persons, who
 1. are enrolled in the Master's programme Print and Media Technology at Chemnitz University of Technology, and
 2. have not "definitely failed" the Master's exam in this study programme, and
 3. have completed the examination prerequisites for the respective exams, mentioned in the module description.
- (2) The application for admission to the Master's examination has to be submitted to the central examination office (Zentrales Prüfungsamt) three weeks before the start of the examination period at the latest or, if the examination is not taking place within the examination period, three weeks before the exam date. Students need to apply for every single examination in written form. The application must include:
 1. the name of the module of which the examination is part,
 2. certifications about the completion of prerequisites, mentioned in paragraph 1,
 3. a statement by the candidate declaring that he is familiar with the examination regulations. Furthermore, the candidate has to provide information if he has already failed or definitely failed a Master's exam in the same study programme and if he is currently involved in pending examination proceedings.
- (3) The examination board is in charge of admission; in urgent cases the chairperson shall decide.
- (4) Persons who have acquired the knowledge and skills according to the study and examination regulations may, in deviation from paragraph 1 no.1, acquire the degree through the external procedure. The examination board decides about the application for admission to the Master's exam, the examination procedure and the required examinations, which have to comply with the examination regulations.
- (5) Admission to an exam of the Master's examination may only be refused if:
 1. the prerequisites defined in paragraph 1 or the procedural regulations pursuant to paragraph 2 are not fulfilled, or
 2. the application is incomplete according to paragraph 2, or
 3. the candidate has definitely failed the Master's examination in the same study programme, or
 4. the candidate has lost his claim for examination because he has exceeded the terms for registration to the examination according to state law.
- (6) The candidate must be informed about a rejection of the application in written form at the latest two weeks before the exam would take place. This rejection shall give reasons for the rejection and instructions about the candidate's legal remedies available.
- (7) Students are informed in due time about the kind, number, content and form of module examinations. They are also informed about dates and delivery deadlines of term papers and their Thesis. The announcement of examination dates, lists of admitted students and examination results is done by the examination office. Failure in module examinations is additionally announced to the student in written form.

§ 5

Note: Only the original examination regulations in German language are legally binding.

Types of examinations

- (1) Exams have to be taken in one (or more) of the following ways:
 1. orally (§ 6) and/or
 2. as written exams or written papers (§ 7) and/or
 3. as alternative examination performances (§ 8) and/or
 4. as projects (§ 9)
- (2) If a student can provide sufficient evidence (medical certificate) that he is not able to perform the whole or parts of an exam due to chronic disease or disability, the examination board can allow him to perform these examinations in a different way than originally specified.
- (3) Examinations are held in English.

§ 6

Oral examinations

- (1) In an oral examination the candidate shall prove that he is familiar with the overall subject area and that he is able to categorise special problems. Moreover, the candidate shall prove that he has an adequate knowledge that demonstrates the progress of studies.
- (2) Oral examinations shall be conducted by several examiners, or one examiner and a co-examiner.
- (3) Oral examinations shall be held as collective or individual examination. Oral exams shall last at least 15 minutes and not longer than 45 minutes per candidate.
- (4) In the course of an oral examination it is possible to set written tasks of an appropriate length, if this does not outweigh the oral character of the examination.
- (5) The essential contents, length, course and mark of the examination shall be written down in the minutes of the examination, which need to be signed by the examiners or, if there is a co-examiner, by the examiner and co-examiner. The candidate shall be informed about the result and mark after the oral exam. The minutes shall be entered into the examination file.
- (6) Students who wish to take the exam at a later examination date can be admitted as audience if space allows this, unless the candidate refuses. The admission shall not include consultation and the announcement of the mark.
- (7) The examination may be interrupted for cause. A new date for examination shall be set so that the examination can be continued as soon as the cause for interruption has been remedied. The reasons for interruption need to be recorded in the examination minutes.

§ 7

Written examinations and other written assessments

- (1) Written examinations include written exams and other written assessments. In written examinations the student shall prove that he is able to solve problems and work on a specific topic with the usual methodology of the subject within a limited time and with limited auxiliary means. It is possible to give the students several topics and tasks to choose from.
- (2) Written assessments also include multiple-choice tests. In a module examination multiple-choice questions may not outweigh open or other questions. Generally, multiple-choice questions should be prepared by two examiners, who also set the assessment standards. Multiple-choice questions might be evaluated by automated means.
- (3) Written examinations that must be satisfactorily completed to further proceed with the study programme are generally assessed by two examiners. The assessment procedure shall not exceed a period of four weeks.
- (4) The written examinations shall last at least 60 minutes and not longer than 300 minutes.
- (5) The examiner decides whether and which aids might be used in an examination. Those aids shall be announced in due time.
- (6) In well-grounded exceptional cases the examination board can decide to schedule an oral exam instead of a written examination in the following examination period. In this case, the board must also specify the length of the examination. The decision of the examination board must be published at the beginning of the semester.

§ 8

Alternative examinations

- (1) Alternative examinations are particularly done in seminars, practical courses and exercises. This usually includes term papers, other written papers, presentations and recorded practical experiments in the course of one or more sessions. In case of group work, individual contributions must be clearly distin-

guishable and assessable. When submitting term papers or other written papers, students must declare that they alone wrote the paper and used no other sources or auxiliary aids than those stated.

(2) For the assessment of alternative examinations, § 6 paragraph 2 and 5, and § 7 paragraph 3 apply accordingly.

(3) Duration and scope of the alternative examinations are specified in the module descriptions.

§ 9

Projects

(1) Project work, which is generally possible as individual or group work, shall prove the ability of a student to work in a team, and especially, show whether he is able to develop, realise and present certain concepts. Individual contributions of the work must be attributable to the respective student. The candidate shall demonstrate that he can define goals and develop multidisciplinary approaches, strategies and concepts for a specific task. A project usually consists of an oral presentation and a written paper or documentation about the results of the project.

(2) For projects which have to be satisfactorily completed to proceed with the study programme § 6 paragraph 2 and 5, and § 7 paragraph 3 apply accordingly.

(3) Duration of the oral presentation and the scope of the written report are specified in the module descriptions.

§ 10

Assessment of examinations, calculation and weighting of marks

(1) The respective examiners shall determine the marks of the individual examinations. The following marks shall be used:

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| 1 = very good | (excellent performance) |
| 2 = good | (performance that is significantly above average requirements) |
| 3 = satisfactory | (performance that fulfils average requirements) |
| 4 = sufficient | (performance that still fulfils the requirements despite some deficiencies) |
| 5 = failed | (performance that does not fulfil the requirements due to significant deficiencies). |

For a more differentiated marking, marks can be lowered or raised by 0.3. However, the marks 0.7, 4.3, 4.7 and 5.3 must not be used.

If an examination is assessed by two or more examiners, the mark shall be calculated from the arithmetic average of the individual assessments. Paragraph 2, clause 2 applies accordingly. The examiners may round the mark according to clauses 2 and 3. If the arithmetic average is more than 4.0, the examination is "failed".

(2) If a module examination consists of several examinations, the module mark is the weighted arithmetic average of the individual exam marks, as specified in the module description; otherwise the mark of the examination equals the module mark. Only the first place after the decimal spot shall be considered without rounding; all other decimal places shall be eliminated. The module mark is:

for an average up to and including 1.5:	very good,
for an average of 1.6 up to and including 2.5	good,
for an average of 2.6 up to and including 3.5	satisfactory,
for an average of 3.6 up to and including 4.0	sufficient,
for an average below 4.1	failed.

(3) To pass the module Master's Thesis, it is necessary that both examiners mark it with at least "sufficient". The mark shall be the arithmetic average of the two assessments.

(4) For the Master's examination a final mark is formed. It is calculated as the arithmetic average of the weighted module marks including the mark for the module Master's Thesis (see § 25). For the formation of the final mark, paragraph 2, sentence 2 and sentence 3 apply accordingly.

(5) If study achievements are recognised as exam achievements, their kind and scope have to be equivalent to the examination requirements. The Master's exam shall not primarily be made up of recognised study achievements. The examination board decides about the recognition of study achievements.

§ 11

Default, withdrawal, deception, breach of regulations

- (1) The candidate may withdraw his application for exam registration without giving any reason. However, he needs to inform the examination office of his withdrawal one week before the examination date at the latest.
- (2) An examination shall be marked as "failed" (5.0) if the candidate misses a binding examination date without cogent reason or withdraws from the examination without cogent reason after having registered for it. The same applies if a written examination is not completed within the set time frame.
- (3) Reasons brought forward for the withdrawal or default must be immediately reported in written form to the examination board and must be made plausible. In case of illness of the candidate, a medical certificate must be presented. In case of doubt, a certificate by a public health officer is required. Concerning the adherence to time limits for first-time exam applications, re-examinations, reasons for default or withdrawal from examinations and deadlines for examination papers, illness of the candidate and illness of a child that is cared for primarily by the candidate alone are of equal rank.
- (4) If the examination board accepts the reasons according to paragraph 3, it shall set a new date of examination in consultation with the candidate.
- (5) If the candidate attempts to influence the result of an examination by deception or by making use of prohibited aids, the respective examination shall be marked as "failed" (5.0).
- (6) A student who disturbs the due course of an examination may be excluded from the examination by the respective examiner or the person in charge of supervision; in this case the respective examination performance shall be marked as "failed" (5.0).
- (7) Within a period of two weeks, a candidate may demand that decisions pursuant to paragraph 5 or 6 must be revised by the examination board.

§ 12

Free trial

- (1) Exams may be taken earlier than indicated in the course schedule if the student meets the prerequisites for admission to examination.
- (2) If the last exam of a module is taken according to paragraph 1 and the module examination is failed, the module examination is counted as not taken (free trial). Other examinations of the module can be recognised in the new examination procedure if the candidate applies for it. If the candidate passes the exam taken according to paragraph 1, he can apply for another try at the next scheduled exam for mark improvement. In this case he can take the exam a second time and the better mark of the two is entered into the record as the exam result.

§ 13

Passing and failing of exams

- (1) Module examinations are passed if they have been marked as "sufficient" (4.0) or better. If exams that are identified with "pass is required" in the module description are marked as "failed", the module examination is considered as failed as well. Failed module examinations that are not taken again within one year (§ 14, paragraph 1) or that have been resat but again marked as "failed" lead to failing of the module examination. If the application for a second resit of a module examination (§ 14, paragraph 2) is not filed on time, not approved, or if the second resit is not done at the next possible date or marked as "failed", the module examination is considered as "definitely failed".
- (2) When a module is considered as "definitely failed", the Master's exam is also considered as "definitely failed".
- (3) The Master's examination is passed, when the student has completed all prerequisites for admission to examination and passed all module exams. A Master's exam that is not taken within 4 semesters after the end of the standard period of study is considered as "failed".
- (4) If the examination procedure proves to be incorrect in a way that might have influenced the exam performance, a candidate can file an application or it might be officially ordered that the exam or parts of the exam are rescheduled for a certain candidate or for all candidates. In this case, the exam results are null and void.
- (5) Deficiencies in the examination procedure have to be brought forward immediately, at the latest within one month after the day of the exam, to the chairman of the examination board or the examiner. Orders according to paragraph 4 may only be made before the end of the admission deadline for the next exam period.

§ 14

Resit of module examinations

Note: Only the original examination regulations in German language are legally binding.

- (1) If a student fails a module examination (module mark "failed"), it is possible to take this exam again. If the module examination consists of more than one exam, the "failed" exams can only be resat if it is necessary to pass the module examination. Exams that are identified with "pass is required" in the module description and have been marked as "failed" must be taken again. A resit has to be taken within one year. This term starts with the announcement of the results of the module examination. After the expiration of this time, the exam is considered as "failed".
- (2) A second resit can only be allowed after application and can only be taken at the earliest possible examination date. A third resit is not possible.
- (3) Passed exams may not be taken again, except for the case described in § 12.
- (4) The module coordinators must ensure that it is possible to take resits in each semester.

§ 15

Recognition of study periods, study and examination achievements

- (1) Study periods, study and examination achievements of other study programmes shall be recognized if students apply for it and equivalence is given. This excludes the Master's Thesis or the recognition of more than 80 credit points. The examination board decides about the recognition. Equivalence is given if study periods, study and examination achievements fundamentally correspond in content, scope and requirements to those of the Master's programme Print and Media Technology at Chemnitz University of Technology. Equivalence shall not be determined on the basis of schematic comparison but overall consideration and assessment. If study periods, study and examination achievements performed at a foreign university are in question of recognition, equivalence regulations agreed upon by the Kultusministerkonferenz (Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany - KMK) and the Hochschulrektorenkonferenz (German Rectors' Conference – HRK) as well as cooperation agreements concerning university partnerships shall be taken into account.
- (2) Appropriate vocational training or comparable vocational activities can be recognised by the examination boards if the student applies for this.
- (3) Applicants, who meet the university entrance requirements, may take a placement test to prove that they have already certain skills and knowledge that justify that they are entitled to begin their studies in a higher semester.
- (4) If study and examination achievements are recognized, marks - insofar as the marking systems are comparable - shall be taken over. If marks are not comparable, the note "passed" shall be certified.
- (5) Students shall present the required documents for recognition of study periods and study and examination achievements.

§ 16

Examination board

- (1) An examination board, which is responsible for the organisation of the examinations and the duties resulting from these examination regulations, shall be established by the faculty committee of the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering.
- (2) The examination board consists of the chairman, his deputy and two additional members who are drawn from the group of professors of the faculty, two members from the group of academic staff of the faculty and another member from the group of students.
- (3) Term of office shall be three years, for the student one year.
- (4) The examination board is responsible for all issues concerning the examination regulations, especially for:
 1. the organisation of exams,
 2. the recognition of study periods and study and examination achievements,
 3. the organisation of examiners and co-examiners,
 4. the decision about appropriate examination conditions for students on maternity or parental leave, and
 5. the decision about appropriate examination conditions for disabled or chronically ill students.
- (5) The examination board may assign some of its tasks to the chairman. This does not apply to decisions according to § 11 and § 13, paragraph 4, to decisions about appeals, and to reports to the faculty committee.
- (6) The examination board reports to the faculty committee about the development of exam and study periods, the actual time spans required for the Master's thesis, the distribution of module and total marks and it may make proposals for reforms of the study and examination regulations.
- (7) The examination board has a quorum when the chairman or his deputy and the majority of members are present, and when the professors hold the majority of votes. The meetings of the examination board are not public.

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- (8) The members of the examination board have the right to be present at examinations. However, if they are directly involved in the examination, they cannot act as representatives of the examination board.
- (9) Members of the examination board are bound to official secrecy. They are sworn to secrecy about the topics of the meetings of the examination board.
- (10) In matters that concern the examination regulations, the examination board is the responsible originating authority for appeals. Incriminating decisions shall be reported and explained immediately in writing to the respective candidate. In addition, instructions about available legal remedies must be included.

§ 17

Examiners and co-examiners

- (1) The examination board shall appoint the examiners and co-examiners. Examiners shall be members of Chemnitz University of Technology or another university that are entitled to autonomous teaching in the subject examined; if necessary, an examiner can also be a person who is only authorised to autonomously teach a subarea of the subject of examination. In exceptional cases, it is also possible to appoint lecturers for special assignments, or persons with professional and educational experience as examiners. Examinations shall only be assessed by persons that have at least the same or an equivalent qualification as the one that is to be determined in the examination.
- (2) The student may propose an examiner or a group of examiners for the assessment of his Master's thesis (§ 19) or for oral examinations (§ 6) to the examination board. However, the suggestion does not entitle him to be examined by these persons.
- (3) The examination board is responsible for announcing the names of examiners at least two weeks before the date of the examination.
- (4) For examiners and co-examiners § 16, paragraph 9 applies accordingly.

§ 18

Purpose of the Master's examination

The Master's examination is the conclusion of the Master's degree, which qualifies students for a professional career. It shall prove whether

- the candidate has developed an in-depth, profound and more specialised knowledge and abilities that build on his Bachelor's degree,
- the candidate is able to define and interpret the particularities, limits, terminology and doctrines of his field of studies,
- the candidate is able to apply his knowledge and skills even in new and unfamiliar situations,
- the candidate can make well-founded decisions on the basis of incomplete and limited information, also taking into consideration social, scientific, and ethical findings.

§ 19

Assignment of the topic, handing in, assessment and repetition of the Master's thesis

- (1) The purpose of the Master's thesis is to demonstrate that the student is capable of dealing independently with a subject-specific or interdisciplinary problem within a defined period of time. He shall demonstrate his ability to work with scientific methods at the latest state of the art in science and technology and formulate his findings clearly and unambiguously.
- (2) The topic of the thesis must have a connection to the content of the study programme. It can be supervised by anyone authorised to hold examinations. The student has the right to suggest a supervisor and a topic. However, he has no legal entitlement that his suggestions are accepted.
- (3) On handing in the thesis, the student must declare that he alone wrote the paper and used no other sources or auxiliary aids than those acknowledged. In case of group works, individual contributions must be clearly distinguishable and assessable.
- (4) The Master's thesis must be submitted on time in duplicate, printed and bound form to the central examination office (Zentrales Prüfungsamt), as well as in the electronic form, which is suitable for the long-term reproduction of characters.
- (5) The topic and deadline must be documented.
- (6) The student may only refuse the topic once and within the first four weeks after issuing of the topic. Another refusal is not admitted.
- (7) The thesis shall be evaluated by at least two examiners. One of the examiners shall be the supervisor of the thesis. Evaluation shall be done according to § 10, paragraph 1 and 3 of these examination regulations. The evaluation procedure shall not exceed four weeks.
- (8) If the candidate fails to hand in the thesis within the agreed time limit, the thesis shall be marked as "failed" (5.0). A thesis that is marked with less than "sufficient" (4.0) can only be repeated once. The topic

Note: Only the original examination regulations in German language are legally binding.

can only be changed according to paragraph 6 if the student did not make use of this possibility when preparing the failed thesis.

§ 20

Degree certificate and Master's certificate

- (1) After the student has successfully passed the Master's examination, a degree certificate shall be immediately issued, preferably within 4 weeks. The certificate shall contain the names of the modules, module marks and credit points, the topic of the Master's thesis, the total mark and the total number of credit points that have been obtained.
- (2) The certificate indicates the date of the last examination and is to be signed by the chairman of the examination board.
- (3) Together with the degree certificate, the student receives the Master's certificate with the same date as the degree certificate. It certifies the awarding of the Master of Science degree. The Master's certificate shall be signed by the dean of the faculty and the chairman of the examination board and shall also include the seal of Chemnitz University of Technology. The student also receives an English translation of the Master's certificate.
- (4) A diploma supplement shall be issued. For description of the national education system, the text issued by the KMK and HRK shall be used.
- (5) Sorbs may additionally bear the title in Sorbian language and receive a Sorbian degree certificate and Master's certificate, if desired.
- (6) Students, who did not finish their studies, may apply for a study report stating their achievements.

§ 21

Annulment of the Master's examination

- (1) If a student has been found guilty of having cheated in an examination and if this fact becomes only known after the issuing of the certificate, the examination mark shall be adjusted according to § 11, paragraph 5. If applicable, the module examination can be declared as "failed", which then leads to declaring the Master's examination as "failed".
- (2) If a candidate did not meet the prerequisites for admission to examination without the intention of deception and if the examination board becomes aware of this fact after the issuing of the certificate, this defect shall be remedied by the successful examination. If admission was achieved wrongly on purpose, the examination board may declare the module examination, and, thus, also the Master's examination as "failed".
- (3) The incorrect certificate shall be withdrawn and a new one shall be issued, if necessary. The Master's certificate, its English translation and the diploma supplement must also be withdrawn if the Master's examination is declared "failed" on account of deception. A decision according to paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 sentence 2 is impossible after a period of five years following the issue date of the certificate.
- (4) The candidate shall be given the opportunity to comment on the matter before a decision according to paragraph 1 or 2 is made.

§ 22

Access to examination files

Within one year after completion of the examination procedure, the graduate may apply for access and inspection of the written examination papers, the assessments made and the respective examination record.

§ 23

Responsibilities

In particular, the examination board is responsible for decisions concerning consequences of breach of exam regulations (§ 11), passing and failing (§ 13), recognition of study and examination achievements (§ 15), appointment of examiners and co-examiners (§ 17), entitlement to issue the Master's thesis (§ 19) and decisions about annulment of the Master's examination (§ 21). The examination office is responsible for the issuing of certificates.

Part 2

Programme-specific provisions

§ 24

Organisation and scope of the study programme

- (1) The study programme is modularly organised. It consists of basic, focal, complementary, and specialisation modules, which are offered as compulsory modules, and the module Master's thesis.
- (2) For the successful completion of the Master's programme, students need to earn 120 credit points.
- (3) The workload is approximately 900 study hours per semester. The credit points are awarded with the successful pass of the module examinations.

§ 25

Subject, kind and scope of the Master's examination

- (1) The following modules are part of the Master's examination:

1. Basic modules:

M1 Media Physics, 6 CP (compulsory module), weight 6

M2 Electronic Media, 6 CP (compulsory module), weight 6

M3 Media Management and Entrepreneurship, 9 CP (compulsory module), weight 9

M4 Print Production, 11 CP (compulsory module), weight 11

2. Focal modules:

M5 Media Technology, 6 CP (compulsory module), weight 6

M6 Digital Fabrication, 5 CP (compulsory module), weight 5

M7 Modules and variants of printing presses, 5 CP (compulsory module), weight 5

3. Complementary modules:

M8 Applied Specialisation Module I, 10 CP (compulsory module), weight 10

M9 Applied Specialisation Module II, 10 CP (compulsory module), weight 10

4. Specialisation modules:

M10 Research Project Seminar I, 18 CP (compulsory module), weight 18

M11 Research Project Seminar II, 4 CP (compulsory module), weight 4

5. Module Master's Thesis:

M12 Master's Thesis, 30 CP, weight 30

- (2) The module descriptions, which are part of the study regulations, specify the number, kind, topic and form of examinations and examination prerequisites.

§ 26

Time frame for the Master's thesis, colloquium

- (1) The maximum time for the Master's thesis is 23 weeks.
- (2) In individual cases, the examination board may allow a maximum of 6 additional weeks upon a well-founded application.
- (3) The topic, tasks and scope of the thesis shall be determined by the supervisor in a way which allows the candidate to write the thesis within the given time.
- (4) The candidate shall defend his thesis in a colloquium.

§ 27

University degree

Students who have successfully passed the Master's examination are awarded the degree "Master of Science (M.Sc.)" by Chemnitz University of Technology.

Part 3

Final provisions

§ 28

Coming into force and publication, transitional arrangement

These examination regulations are valid for all students enrolled in this study programme from winter semester 2010/2011 on.

The examination regulations for the consecutive Master's programme Media Production with the degree Master of Science as of June 25th, 2008 (official announcements (*Amtliche Bekanntmachungen*) No. 15/2008, p. 428) are still valid for students who enrolled before winter semester 2010/2011. Notwithstanding this, § 13, paragraph 1 and § 14, paragraphs 1 and 2 of these examination regulations are also valid for students who enrolled before winter semester 2010/2011.

The examination regulations shall come into force on the day after their publication in the official announcements (*Amtliche Bekanntmachung*) of Chemnitz University of Technology.

Drawn up pursuant to the resolutions of the faculty committee of the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering of July 19th, 2010, of the Senate of July 13th, 2010 and the approval of the Rectorate of Chemnitz University of Technology of August 3rd, 2010.

Chemnitz, August 18th, 2010

The Rector
of Chemnitz University of Technology

Prof. Dr. Klaus-Jürgen Matthes